OpenSim Fellows

The goal of the OpenSim Fellows Program is to cultivate and engage a community of OpenSim experts who will collectively advance the field of neuro-musculoskeletal modeling and simulation.

We encourage you to contact OpenSim Fellows if you are looking for a consultant or new collaborator with modeling and simulation expertise. You can also contact our Fellows if you are looking for an instructor to run an OpenSim tutorial or workshop. Note that OpenSim Fellows are not, in general, paid by the NCSRR for these new collaborations or courses, so compensation should be negotiated with Fellows individually. Details about the background and expertise of each Fellow is included below.

Current OpenSim Fellows include:

- Ravi Balasubramanian, Ph.D.
- Dimitra Blana, PhD
- Friedl De Groote, Ph.D.
- Scott L. Delp, Ph.D.
- Emel Demircan, Ph.D.
- Matthew S.DeMers, Ph.D.
- Ayman Habib, Ph.D.
- Jennifer Hicks, Ph.D.
- Jill Startzell Higginson, Ph.D.
- John R. Hutchinson, Ph.D.
- Chand T. John, Ph.D.
- Ilse Jonkers, Ph.D.
- Zachary F. Lerner, Ph.D.
- Glen A. Lichtwark, Ph.D.
- Misagh Mansouri, Ph.D.
- Ricardo Matias, Ph.D.
- Matthew Millard, Ph.D.
- Luca Modenese, Ph.D.
- Jeffrey A. Reinbolt, Ph.D.
- Massimo Sartori, Ph.D.
- Katherine Saul, Ph.D.
- Ajay Seth, Ph.D.
- Michael A. Sherman
- Ian Stavness, Ph.D.
- Kat M. Steele, Ph.D.
- Thomas K. Uchida, Ph.D.
- Brian R. Umberger, Ph.D.
- Jack M. Wang, Ph.D.
Ravi Balasubramanian, Ph.D.
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Simulation of robotic systems and their interface with humans

Biography

Dr. Ravi Balasubramanian is an Assistant Professor in Mechanical Engineering at Oregon State University, where he directs the work in the Robotics and Human Control Systems Laboratory. He received his undergraduate degree in Mechanical Engineering from the National University of Singapore with top honors and his PhD from the Robotics Institute at Carnegie Mellon University in 2006. He did a post-doctoral fellowship at the University of Washington in the emerging area of neurobotics, focusing on identifying the principles of human learning and execution in physical interaction tasks. He then was a research scientist in Yale University developing novel mechanisms for robotic hands. He has received several awards including the Best Student Paper finalist award at the International Conference on Robotics and Automation in 2004 and the Outstanding Researcher Award from the NIH National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research in 2012. He co-edited the Springer book titled “The Human Hand as an Inspiration for Robot Hand Development”.

Expertise

The key principle behind Dr. Balasubramanian’s work is to simultaneously draw inspiration from the human control system to advance robotic systems and to use robotic systems to develop a deeper understanding of the human body and improve quality of life. To this end, his group explores methods to advance robotic grasping and manipulation by incorporating human expertise as well as develop implantable robotic mechanisms for advancing hand surgery. Dr. Balasubramanian has extensive software and hardware experience in the modeling, construction, and validation of mechanical systems (mobile robots and robot hands) as well as devices (electromyography, human-robot interfaces) that interface with neuro-biomechanical systems. He seeks to advance OpenSim’s features for analyzing human hand function in physical interaction tasks.
Musculoskeletal modeling of the upper limb and in particular the shoulder, including real-time simulation and optimal control

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography:
Dimitra received her PhD in Biomedical Engineering from Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, OH, in 2008. Her research focuses on modeling the upper limb, and in particular the shoulder, to help understand the mechanisms of movement disorders and design effective rehabilitation treatments. During her PhD, she translated the Delft upper limb model into SIMM, and used modeling to design Functional Electrical Stimulation (FES) controllers for high level tetraplegia. Since then, she has worked as a research consultant for the Cleveland FES Center and the Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago, developing real-time musculoskeletal models for applications in prosthetics and FES. She was awarded an Outstanding Researcher Award (2013) and an OpenSim Visiting Scholarship (2015) from the NIH National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research. Dimitra is currently a Research Fellow at Keele University, a member of the Institute of Physics and Engineering in Medicine, and an executive board member of the International Shoulder Group, a technical group of the International Society of Biomechanics. She is a contributor to two freely available OpenSim projects, and she is keen to share models, tools and data with the OpenSim community.

Expertise:
Dimitra has expertise in musculoskeletal modeling of the upper limb, including the complete shoulder mechanism, in SIMM, OpenSim, Matlab, Simulink and C. During her visiting scholarship she gained experience using the OpenSim API and building OpenSim plugins. She also has experience with implicit dynamics for real-time simulations, and direct collocation methods for optimal control.
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Modeling and simulation of the neuro-musculoskeletal system;
Numerical optimization and system identification

Biography

Friedl De Groote received her Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering from KU Leuven in 2009. The main focus of her work, supported by a doctoral fellowship of the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO), was the development of improved numerical methods for human motion analysis. She was awarded the Andrzej J.Komor New Investigator Award by the Technical Group on Computer Simulation for her research about the use of convex optimization techniques to improve the calculation of muscle forces. Since 2009, she is a postdoctoral researcher at KU Leuven. Over the last four years, she dedicated a lot of research effort to subject-specific musculoskeletal modeling and integration of principles of motor control in the simulations of motion. Currently, she is responsible for the overall daily management of a project about assistive technology funded by the Flemish government, involving a multidisciplinary consortium consisting of Flemish universities, companies, and rehabilitation centers.

Expertise

Dr. De Groote has experience in simulation of human motion and modeling of the neuro-musculoskeletal system. Within this domain, she has gained expertise in numerical optimization, state estimation, and system identification. Through a stay at Stanford University in the summer of 2012, she is familiar with using the OpenSim API through C++. She implemented her Kalman smoothing algorithm for inverse kinematics in OpenSim and made the software available through the OpenSim website.
Scott L. Delp, Ph.D.

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Simulation and its application to understanding human and animal movement; Dissemination and evaluation of simulation software

Biography

Scott graduated Sum Cum Laude with a B.S in Mechanical Engineering from Colorado State University in 1983. He worked in Hewlett Packard’s computer graphics division before beginning graduate school at Stanford University in 1985. Scott received the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from Stanford and in 1990 joined the faculty of Northwestern University. He returned to Stanford in 1999, and in 2002 became the founding Chairman of Stanford’s Bioengineering Department. Scott’s work draws on computational mechanics, biomedical imaging, and neuromuscular biology to improve treatments for individuals with physical disabilities. He led the development of software systems (SIMM and OpenSim) that enable simulation of human and animal movements; these software systems have become the platform for an international collaboration involving hundreds of research centers. He holds fundamental patents in surgical navigation, microendoscopy, and optogenetics. Scott has received numerous awards, including a National Young Investigator Award from NSF and a Technology Reinvestment Award for which he was honored by President Clinton at the White House.

Expertise

Scott has expertise in designing studies in which simulations are used to gain insights into human and animal movement, including examination of the fundamental mechanisms for movement control, analysis of the causes of movement disorders, development of technologies to enhance human performance. He also has extensive experience testing the accuracy of simulations and making software, computer models, and simulation results available to the scientific community.
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Dynamics, control and simulation of musculoskeletal systems;
Rehabilitation robotics; Teaching and dissemination

Biography

Emel Demircan received her Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering from Stanford University in 2012. From October 2012 to December 2013 she was post-doctoral scholar in the Robotics Research Laboratory in the Computer Science department at Stanford University. In January 2014, Dr. Demircan was invited by Graduate Program for Social ICT Global Creative Leaders to become project assistant professor of the Department of Mechano-Informatics at the University of Tokyo, where she is the lecturer of “Biomechanics of Human Movement”. She also acts as a part-time scientist at Lucile Salter Packard Children’s Hospital Gait Analysis Lab at Stanford University. In 2014, Dr. Demircan established an IEEE RAS Technical Committee on “Human Movement Understanding”. She is actively collaborating with clinical, athletic, and industrial partners and is involved in several professional and outreach activities within the IEEE Robotics Society (RAS).

Expertise

Dr. Demircan has expertise in the application of dynamics and control methods for the simulation and analysis of biomechanical and robotic systems. Her research interests include experimental and computational approaches to study human movement, rehabilitation robotics, human motion synthesis, natural motion generation in humanoid robotics, and human motor control. Dr. Demircan has contributed to the implementation and validation of the EMG-based muscle redundancy resolution algorithm in OpenSim and has been extensively using the simulator in teaching and research. Dr. Demircan is the recipient of the IEEE RAS funding for the Creation of Educational Materials in Robotics and Automation (CEMRA) that includes the creation and dissemination of educational materials for undergraduate students.
Matthew S. DeMers, Ph.D.

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Biomechanical modeling, computational methods, and software development; Training

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Matt DeMers received his Masters of Mechanical Engineering from Stanford University, where he continues as a Ph.D. candidate in the Neuromuscular Biomechanics Laboratory. Matt develops computational methods and musculoskeletal simulations to explore coordination strategies that promote orthopaedic health. His efforts exploring muscle coordination, funded by the Powell Foundation, the National Library of Medicine, and DARPA, have informed potential interventions that reduce knee loads during gait and have identified strategies that protect the ankle ligaments from acute sprains. Matt has contributed broadly to the OpenSim Project by developing algorithms, computational methods, and novel modeling elements for his research and adding them to the OpenSim API. He has also contributed to the OpenSim Community as well, donating his expertise by delivering webinars, performing software demonstration, authoring teaching materials, and mentoring in dozens of OpenSim workshops.

Expertise

Matt has extensive expertise in biomechanical modeling, computational methods, and software development. He has created and published multiple biomechanical models, ranging from high fidelity research models of the knee and ankle to simple models of legs, spines, and robots designed for teaching. Matt’s expertise in simulation, optimization, and control have enabled him to develop novel software for optimizing joint forces during movement, controlling muscle coordination strategies during simulations, and capturing nonlinear mechanical properties of tissues. Matt is also adept in helping others develop computational biomechanics expertise, both through the webinars and demos he creates and through individual guidance at OpenSim workshops.
Ayman Habib, Ph.D.

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Software development, support, and training

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Ayman Habib received his Ph.D. in Computer Science from Rice University, Houston, TX in 1996. He had a long professional software development and management career in the CAD simulation industry (PTC) where he developed and managed the development of multiple widely used simulation products. In 2004, he moved to Stanford Bioengineering Dept. as a software engineer to help plan the NIH-sponsored Simbios center, and to bring industrial quality software development and management skills to the table. Dr. Habib currently serves as the application architect for the OpenSim software. The user-friendly OpenSim application received the Java community choice award at JavaOne conference 2013. He is supported by the NIH and DARPA.

Expertise

Dr. Habib has extensive expertise in software development, management, and support for design and simulation software products throughout their life-cycle, from prototyping, development, testing, to delivery and support. He oversaw the growth of the OpenSim platform from a handful of users to one of the premier tools for teaching Biomechanics around the world. He’s constantly in communication with users, collecting user needs, and feedback to help improve the software. In addition to developing the OpenSim application, he helped train tens of graduate students, researchers, industrial partners and academic collaborators around the globe. He also helps support the growing user base through the online user forum, and direct communication channels. Lately, Dr. Habib has been responsible for making the OpenSim API available through scripting languages to help bring the software capabilities to the environments commonly used by biomechanists and in the classroom (Matlab, Python).
Jennifer Hicks, Ph.D.
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Modeling and simulation and its application to movement disorders and device design; Software testing, dissemination and training

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Jennifer Hicks received her Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering from Stanford University in 2010. Her work, applying computer modeling and simulation to understand human movement disorders, was supported by fellowships from the National Science Foundation and the Stanford Bio-X Program. Dr. Hicks currently serves as the Associate Director the National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research (NCSRR). The NCSRR is an NIH-funded center at Stanford University that brings state-of-the-art engineering tools to rehabilitation scientists. She manages the center’s Visiting Scholar Program, Pilot Project Program, workshops, webinars, and online resources. In addition, Dr. Hicks is the Research and Development Manager for the OpenSim software project, guiding the project’s development team and serving as the voice of the software user/researcher.

Expertise

Dr. Hicks has extensive expertise in subject-specific modeling and simulation of children with cerebral palsy. She is also an expert at interfacing biomechanical modeling with statistical learning methods to predict the effects of surgery and other interventions on gait. Dr. Hicks’ research background additionally includes examining the effects of assistive devices on muscle function and metabolism. She is familiar with all aspects of the OpenSim workflow and using the OpenSim API through the GUI or Matlab scripting interfaces. Finally, Dr. Hicks has developed many teaching materials and trained students, researchers, and clinicians to use all aspects of OpenSim for research and design.
Jill Startzell Higginson, Ph.D.

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Experimental and computational approaches to studying locomotion in healthy and impaired populations

Biography

Dr. Higginson is an Associate Professor in the Departments of Mechanical Engineering and Biomedical Engineering at the University of Delaware. She has also served as the Director of the Center for Biomechanical Engineering Research and Associate Director of Biomedical Engineering at UD. She trained at Cornell University (BS Mechanical Engineering ’96), Penn State University (MS Bioengineering ’98), and Stanford University (PhD Mechanical Engineering ’05).

Expertise

Her research applies experimental and computational techniques to study muscle coordination during walking in healthy and impaired populations. Ongoing projects supported by the NIH target abnormal muscle control strategies in stroke and osteoarthritis.
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Modeling and simulation of musculoskeletal form and function in animals. Integration of experimental and computational data in an evolutionary context.

Biography

John got his B.S. degree in Zoology at the University of Wisconsin (Madison) in 1993 and then moved to the University of California (Berkeley) to do his PhD in Integrative Biology, awarded in 2001. He moved down south to do an NSF Postdoctoral Fellowship in Bioinformatics at Stanford with Scott Delp from 2001-2003, learning the SIMM and OpenSim methods developed there and applying them to extinct (Tyrannosaurus) and living (ostriches) animals. That visit fueled a career-spanning interest in advancing the application of these methods to non-human animals, including across an evolutionary spectrum, and with a focus on validation and sensitivity analysis. He moved to the UK in 2003 and was promoted to Professor in 2011, with extensive research projects spanning the spectrum of animals with limbs. John has been awarded honorary research associate and professor positions at the University College London and University of Queensland as well as New Fellow of the Year of the Anatomical Society (UK) in 2015. In addition to a dynamic research programme, he maintains an active presence on social media as a science communicator (blogging and Twitter).

Expertise

John has led his team to develop new tools for modeling and simulating animal form and function, especially methods for creating new models from 3D imaging and dissection-based data. His team thus can quickly create models in SIMM and OpenSim software that include maximally accurate joint centers, segmental properties, muscle properties and geometry, and integration with experimental data including force platform, motion capture, biplanar fluoroscopy (XROMM), electromyography, in vitro muscle measurements and more, as well as integration with other computational methods such as finite element analysis. A major focus includes dedication to the principles of Open Data and scientific repeatability-- including sharing 3D image data, models and simulations.
Biography

Chand John received his Ph.D. in Computer Science from Stanford University in 2012. He developed the residual reduction algorithm, which has generated over 90 citations. He analyzed large simulation datasets to resolve long-standing mysteries such as how the body stays balanced despite substantial delays in the nervous system and how muscles prevent dangerous sideways falls during walking. As one of the first developers of OpenSim, Dr. John has contributed extensively to the source code since 2005, trained over 100 users and developers of OpenSim, led initiatives to determine user needs, and created several widely used software tools and documents to promote OpenSim's role as the leading open-source tool for muscle-driven simulation. He was one of four students chosen from all of Stanford's engineering departments for the Achievement Rewards for College Scientists Fellowship in 2008. Dr. John has also developed software for segmenting medical images, visualizing the geometry of human teeth, and animating clouds and cursive script based on a mathematical discovery he made in high school and eventually published. He has also developed and released an Android app for project management.

Expertise

Dr. John is an expert in developing software for simulating the movement of humans and robots. He is also an expert in analyzing complex data sets and communicating new insights to a non-technical audience. His software expertise includes several years of experience with C++ and Java.
Ilse Jonkers, Ph.D.

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Dynamic gait simulation in healthy and clinical populations

Biography

Ilse Jonkers received her PhD in 2000 from the University of Leuven (KU Leuven). After postdoctoral stays at the University of Stanford and KU Leuven, she began her career as an independent researcher in 2009 with an appointment as Assistant Professor with tenure in the Human Movement Biomechanics Research Group at KU Leuven. Currently, she is head of this research group.

The majority of her research activities rely on the use of 3D motion analysis, personalized musculoskeletal modeling and multi-body simulation. Using these methodologies, she wants to further the understanding of the neuromuscular constraints of gross motor function and relate gross motor function, joint and tissue loading to musculoskeletal adaptation. Applications relate to the understanding of joint and implant loading during gait and the remediation of gait disorders in patients. With this research, she hopes to provide fundamental insights to optimize rehabilitation strategies and surgical interventions.

Expertise

Ilse Jonkers has expertise in dynamic gait simulations of gait in controls and patients (OA and CP), neuromechanical simulation of gait in control and stroke subjects and personalized musculoskeletal modeling using image-based approaches.

Her main expertise is in translating clinical questions into dedicated simulation and modeling approaches and the translation of their results back towards clinical treatment plans. She can therefore provide valuable input to clinical users in correctly tuning the simulation and modeling methodology to their research questions (or vice versa). Furthermore, she can provide expertise in interpretation of simulation-based outcome parameters in the context of human motion dysfunction and functional outcome prediction.
Zachary F. Lerner, Ph.D.

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Modeling and simulation of gait in impaired individuals; Human-machine interactions; Teaching

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Zach received a Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering from Colorado State University in 2015. He is currently a postdoctoral fellow in the Functional & Applied Biomechanics Section within the Clinical Research Center of the National Institutes of Health. As a Ph.D candidate, Zach was awarded an NIH F31 pre-doctoral fellowship to investigate how pediatric obesity affects muscle function and joint loading during walking. The focus of his postdoctoral research is on the design and evaluation of a powered exoskeleton for the treatment and rehabilitation of individuals with crouch gait caused by cerebral palsy.

Expertise

Zach has an expertise in creating and validating musculoskeletal models that are used to predict lower-extremity joint loading during walking. He is skilled at using OpenSim's API and Matlab integration capabilities to design novel simulations, tools, and plugins. At the NIH, he is developing experimental and computational methods to model human-machine interactions when individuals with motor deficits walk with powered orthoses. Zach has developed and taught undergraduate laboratory assignments on musculoskeletal modeling and OpenSim.
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Modeling and simulation of muscle energetics and mechanics
Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Glen Lichtwark received his Ph.D. in Orthopaedics from University College London in December 2005 under the supervision of Prof Alan Wilson. He has subsequently worked as a post-doctoral researcher at the Royal Veterinary College (London), Griffith University and the University of Queensland. He became a faculty member of the School of Human Movement Studies at the University of Queensland in 2012, where he teaches biomechanics and research skills. Dr. Lichtwark’s research is primarily around muscle mechanics and energetics with a focus on that role the muscle and tendon elasticity plays in movement efficiency and control. This research spans basic and applied areas with a strong focus on using innovative imaging and simulation techniques for the purposes of understanding the limits of human muscle performance. This includes research in Cerebral Palsy muscle development and function (supported by Cerebral Palsy International Research Foundation and Cerebral Palsy Alliance) and ageing muscle (supported by the National Health and Medical Research Council of Australia).

Expertise

Dr. Lichtwark has extensive expertise in modeling and simulation of muscle energetics and mechanics and has developed numerous interfaces to integrate experimental data with OpenSim, particularly utilizing Matlab. His expertise in ultrasound imaging to quantify muscle strains during movements are an important source of data for validation of muscle models and also integration of subject-specific muscle-tendon parameters into simulations of movement.
Misagh Mansouri, Ph.D.
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Forward Dynamics Simulation; Patient-specific Modeling;
Neuromuscular Control of Movement

Biography

Misagh Mansouri received his Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, in May 2015 under the supervision of Dr. Jeffrey Reinbolt. His Ph.D. work focused on predictive simulations and neuromuscular control of movement among healthy individuals and individuals with cerebral palsy using OpenSim. Since July 2015, as a postdoctoral associate at University of Pittsburgh, School of Medicine, Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation department, Dr. Mansouri is working on Hand Proprioception and Touch Interface project aiming to restore sensory feedback in prostheses for individuals with upper-limb amputation. His Ph.D. work on balance recovery in children with cerebral palsy after rectus femoris tendon transfer was highlighted in local newspapers and on NPR’s All Things Considered. He was also a recipient of the department outstanding graduate student award at the University of Tennessee in April 2015.

Expertise

Dr. Mansouri has expertise in musculoskeletal modeling and neuromuscular control of human movement using OpenSim. Dr. Mansouri has developed and released an interface between OpenSim and MATLAB/Simulink to enable closed-loop feedback during forward dynamics simulations. He has implemented different biologically inspired controllers for predictive balance recovery simulations using both spinal stretch-reflex as well as advanced robotic based task-level controllers in OpenSim.
Ricardo Matias, Ph.D.

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Shoulder modeling; Translational Research

Biography

Ricardo Matias received his B.S.(Hons) in Physiotherapy from the School of Health Care - Polytechnic Institute of Setúbal (SHC-PIS); his Ph.D in Human Kinetics from the Faculty of Human Kinetics and a Postdoc in Machine Learning in Biomechanics at the Instituto Superior Técnico from the University of Lisbon. He is currently a senior researcher in the Neuromechanics of Human Movement Research Group at the University of Lisbon; a Researcher in the Neurobiology of Action Group at the Champalimaud Foundation and has been part of the Physiotherapy Department of the SHC-PIS since 2002. Ricardo was awarded an OpenSim Visiting Scholarship (2015), a Travel Award (2014) and an Outstanding Researcher Award (2013) from the NIH National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research at Stanford University, and received a “Research Honorable Mention” by the Olympic Committee of Portugal (2014). He has collaborated with several international companies to develop clinical solutions to improve human health and musculoskeletal function.

Expertise

For the last decade, Ricardo has combined computational biomechanics with machine learning to help uncover the mechanisms that trigger the decline from healthy mobility to movement pathology. Ricardo has been using OpenSim since 2008 and has developed and extensively validated an OpenSim upper extremity model and organized numerous clinical workshops for students, researchers and clinicians. As a healthcare professional and researcher, he is motivated to bridge the gap between musculoskeletal simulation and clinical practice, and to put the power of computational biomechanics and big data analytics into the hands of clinicians to help improve patients outcomes and support clinical decision-making.
Biography

Injury due to falling is costing society and families an increasing amount of hardship as the population ages. Both my grandmother and great aunt suffered traumatic injuries due to falling. I believe that their injuries could have been prevented if their doctors had adequate tools for balance performance testing and rehabilitation. It is my main interest to improve balance performance testing and rehabilitation using the tools of nonlinear control theory and musculoskeletal simulation, with accompanying experimental validation.

Expertise

Dr. Millard addresses these problems by developing new mathematical methods and simulation tools to gain insight into human balance and movement. His undergraduate and graduate degrees focused on mechanics and nonlinear control theory. During his PhD he focused on foot placement and balance, foot-ground contact, and the forward simulation of walking. Since his PhD he has had postdoctoral fellowships at Stanford, the University of Duisburg-Essen, and now is at Heidelberg University. At Stanford he focused on models of musculotendondynamics and produced several model implementations in OpenSim. At the University of Duisburg-Essen he focused on 3D models of foot-ground contact. At the University of Heidelberg he is developing some specialized modeling components to make it easier to apply optimal control methods to musculoskeletal models, with the goal of making the computer prediction of human movement both efficient and accurate.
Luca Modenese, Ph.D.

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Subject-specific model building, evaluation, and analysis

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Luca Modenese received his degree in mechanical engineering from the University of Padua in 2008 and completed his Ph.D. at Imperial College London in 2013. His doctoral research was supported by the “Fondazione Ing. Aldo Gini” and the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) and focused on the development of numerical models for the estimation of hip joint contact forces occurring during daily living activities and methodologies for applying musculoskeletal loads to finite element models of bone structures. Luca is now a Research Fellow at the Centre for Musculoskeletal Research of Griffith University, where he is developing techniques to generate subject-specific musculoskeletal models from medical images and to estimate personalized articular loadings in clinical populations using EMG-based techniques.

Expertise

Dr. Modenese has an extensive experience in the creation and assessment of generic OpenSim musculoskeletal models from existing anatomical datasets (from dissection studies) and in the generation of subject specific models from medical images (MRI and CT) using the NMSBuilder software. He is familiar with all standard OpenSim tools and analyses and an experienced user of the OpenSim API, which he has used in the past to develop tools such as a C++ plugin to extract the muscle lines of action (in order to link OpenSim to finite element environments) and a Matlab toolbox that allows deformation of bone geometries according to measurements derived from medical images or physical assessment.
Jeffrey A. Reinbolt, Ph.D.
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Patient-specific modeling and simulation; Development of computational tools

Biography

Jeffrey Reinbolt received the Ph.D. degree in mechanical engineering from the University of Florida in 2006. He is currently an Assistant Professor at the University of Tennessee, where his research group combines experimental and computational approaches to study movement. From 2006 to 2009, he was a Distinguished Postdoctoral Fellow and, subsequently, an Engineering Research Associate at Stanford University, where he developed and applied software to study the dynamics and function of human health and disease. From 1996 to 2001, he was a Clinical Development Specialist for a start-up medical device manufacturer, where he performed domestic and international clinical research and product development of a novel robotic system enabling minimally invasive microsurgery. Dr. Reinbolt is an executive board member of the International Society of Biomechanics Technical Group on Computer Simulation, a 3D Analysis of Human Movement Society member, American Society of Engineering Education member, and an invited participant of the National Academy of Engineering Frontiers of Engineering Education. He has earned a National Science Foundation Faculty Early Career Development Award, departmental Outstanding Young Investigator Award, and university Excellence in Teaching Award.

Expertise

Dr. Reinbolt has a great deal of expertise in the development of computational tools and their application to complex biodynamic systems. He has conducted extensive work in patient-specific musculoskeletal modeling and optimization frameworks to enable inverse dynamics simulation to predict novel motions and allow forward dynamics simulation-based treatment planning. Dr. Reinbolt has designed a closed-loop control interface between MATLAB/Simulink and OpenSim to build a general tool for investigating neuromuscular control.
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Subject specific modeling and simulation; Human-machine interfaces and neurorehabilitation

Biography

Massimo Sartori received his master degree in Computer Engineering and his PhD degree in Information and Communication Science and Technologies from the University of Padua, Italy in 2007 and 2011 respectively. During his PhD he was a visiting student at the School of Sport Science, Exercise and Health, University of Western Australia and at the Neuromuscular Biomechanics Laboratory, Stanford University. After a research period in 2011 at the Centre for Musculoskeletal Research at the Griffith Health Institute, Griffith University in Australia, Dr. Sartori became a postdoctoral research scientist at the Department of Neurorehabilitation Engineering, University Medical Center Goettingen in Germany. Here, he also acts as responsible scientist for the Motor Physiology and Biomechanics Laboratory and for the Virtual Biomechanics Laboratory.

Expertise

Dr. Sartori's expertise includes the development of methods for bridging between the neural and the functional understanding of human movement, and the translation of these to the development of advanced neurorehabilitation technologies. In this context, he uses advanced signal processing techniques to extract the neural code of movement from experimentally recorded electrophysiological data. He develops subject-specific models of the human neuromusculoskeletal system that can be driven by different estimates of muscle excitations including: experimentally recorded electromyograms (EMGs), minimally adjusted EMGs, muscle excitation primitives of low dimensionality, and motor neuron spike trains. Dr. Sartori applies modeling and signal processing, in a translational approach, to develop intuitive human-machine interfaces for the proportional and simultaneous control of multiple degrees of freedom in upper and lower extremity orthotic and prosthetic devices.
Katherine Saul, Ph.D.
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Modeling and simulation of human movement, focused on dynamics and coordination of the upper limb; Patient-specific scaling for clinical research

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Dr. Saul is an Associate Professor in the Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering and Department of Biomedical Engineering at North Carolina State University. She previously held a faculty appointment in the Departments of Biomedical Engineering and Orthopaedic Surgery at the Wake Forest School of Medicine from 2007 to 2013. She trained at Brown University (ScB 2000, Engineering) and Stanford University (MS2002, PhD2005, Mechanical Engineering).

Expertise

Dr. Saul has expertise in computational modeling and simulation of human movement, with a focus on the dynamics and coordination of the upper limb. Her research applies mechanical engineering techniques to improve treatment outcomes for neuromusculoskeletal disorders of the upper limb across the lifespan, using both computational dynamic simulation and experimental methods (including imaging and functional assessments of musculoskeletal performance). Recently, her work has focused on characterizing shoulder movement and neuromuscular control and compensations due to rotator cuff impairment in older adults and brachial plexus nerve injury. She is also interested in identifying general principles of scaling of the musculoskeletal anatomy of the upper limb useful for developing patient-specific approaches to clinical research. Dr. Saul has developed and released musculoskeletal models of the upper limb for kinematic and dynamic simulation, along with tutorials for their use with a variety of tools in OpenSim.
Ajay Seth, Ph.D.

API Architect, OpenSim Software Project
Engineering Research Associate
Department of Bioengineering, Stanford University

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Software development for biomechanical modeling and simulation; Control systems engineering and optimization; Training and support

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Ajay Seth received his Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering from the University of Texas at Austin in 2007. He was awarded a Simbios Distinguished Postdoctoral Fellowship with the OpenSim team in the same year to apply musculoskeletal modeling and simulation to the study of pathological gait and to enhance the capabilities of the emerging OpenSim software. Before pursuing graduate studies, he was a software scientist for a biotechnology startup and had over five years of professional software development experience. Dr. Seth currently serves as the API Architect for the OpenSim software and is a Research Engineer in the Department of Bioengineering at Stanford where he guides scholars, postdocs, and students in their research endeavors.

Expertise

Ajay has extensive expertise in computational biomechanics and software engineering, which he applies to develop open source musculoskeletal modeling and simulation tools. He is also an expert at interfacing biomechanical modeling with control systems engineering and optimization to predict the effects of interventions on human performance. Dr. Seth’s research background additionally includes modeling biomechanical joints, simulating postural stability and developing biologically inspired controllers. He is the primary designer and developer of the OpenSim API and is highly knowledgeable of all aspects of the OpenSim workflow through the GUI and Matlab interfaces. Pedagogically, Dr. Seth has been involved since the very first OpenSim workshop and has developed many example models and teaching materials and has trained hundreds of students, researchers, and clinicians to effectively leverage OpenSim in their research.
Michael A. Sherman
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Multibody dynamics; Software development for physics-based simulation; Support and training

Biography
Sherm received a B.S. in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science from U.C. Berkeley, followed by a long professional software development and management career including Hewlett-Packard and CAD provider Parametric Technology (PTC). He co-founded Symbolic Dynamics, serving as its President and Chief Software Architect for over a decade, where he developed the widely used SD/FAST multibody simulation tool for mechanical, aerospace, robotics, and biomechanics applications. SD/FAST served as the dynamics engine for Scott Delp’s earlier biomechanics software system, SIMM. Sherm also co-founded venture-funded startup Protein Mechanics, which applied multibody methodstosimulationoflarge biomolecules of medical interest. As Chief Software Architect of the NIH-supported Simbios center since its inception in 2004, Sherm conceived and developed the open sourceSimbodymultibody biosimulation toolkit and underlying numerical methods that serve as the computational base for OpenSim, and has contributed significantly to the development of OpenSim. Sherm’s current work is focused on real-time methods for dynamic simulation of complex biomechanical androboticsystems, and is supported by the NIH, DARPA, and the Open Source Robotics Foundation.

Expertise
Sherm has extensive expertise in multibody dynamics, symbolic and numerical methods, and development of fast, robust, and maintainable object-oriented software. He has applied physics-based simulation software to a wide variety of applications in biomechanics, molecular dynamics, aerospace, automotive, robotics, and real-time virtual worlds and gaming. He has a deep understanding of OpenSim’s underlying mathematical formulation, physical models, and computational methods and can provide support and clarity for advanced biomechanical modelers and OpenSim developers.
Ian Stavness, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science
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Developing computational tools for multibody dynamics and biomechanical simulation; Head and neck modeling; Posture and balance

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Ian Stavness received his Ph.D. in Electrical and Computer Engineering from the University of British Columbia in 2010. Following his Ph.D, Dr. Stavness was an NSERC Postdoctoral Fellow at the Simbios NIH Center for Biomedical Computation at Stanford University. He is currently a faculty member in Computer Science at the University of Saskatchewan. His research focuses on applying computer graphics techniques to simulate and visualize human movement. He holds research grants from the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada and the Canadian Foundation for Innovation. He also holds a Pilot Project grant from the National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research for developing sensory model components in OpenSim in order to better understand postural feedback control.

Expertise

Dr. Stavness has expertise in a wide range of biomechanical simulation techniques, including multibody dynamics, finite-element methods, muscle modeling, and forward-dynamics tracking simulation. He also has specific expertise in OpenSim related to muscle wrapping algorithms, task-space control, and posture and balance simulation. Dr. Stavness’s research background also includes modeling head and neck anatomy and simulating chewing, swallowing, and speech production motor tasks. He is familiar with all aspects of the OpenSim workflow and in particular using the Simbody and OpenSim APIs through C++ programs.
Kat M. Steele, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor, Mechanical Engineering
University of Washington
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Subject specific modeling and simulation; Applications to neuromuscular disorders; Teaching and training

Full Bio and Expertise

Biography

Kat Steele received her Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering from Stanford University in 2012 where her research focused on using musculoskeletal simulation to evaluate pathologic gait among individuals with cerebral palsy. Dr. Steele started in Fall 2013 as an assistant professor in Mechanical Engineering at the University of Washington. She was recently awarded one of the first NIH K12 Career Development Grants in Interdisciplinary Rehabilitation Engineering. At the UW she is building an interdisciplinary laboratory focused upon integrating musculoskeletal simulation, medical imaging, and device design to improve mobility and quality of life for individuals with neurological disorders. Dr. Steele has also worked in multiple clinical environments including the Cleveland Clinic, the Children's Hospital of Colorado, Lucille Packard Children’s Hospital, and, most recently, the Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago.

Expertise

Dr. Steele has expertise in subject-specific modeling and simulation of human movement, especially for individuals with neurological disorders. She has extensive experience working in clinical motion analysis laboratories and supports integrating modeling and simulation with clinical practice. Dr. Steele’s research background also includes using muscle synergy analysis to evaluate altered neuromuscular control and shear wave ultrasound elastography to measure altered muscle properties. Dr. Steele has helped to create OpenSim teaching materials and facilitated workshops for students, research, and clinicians.
Thomas K. Uchida, Ph.D.
Engineering Research Associate
Department of Bioengineering, Stanford University
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Simulation and control of multibody systems; Contact; Muscle and metabolic modeling

Biography

Thomas Uchida received a B.A.Sc. in Systems Design Engineering, Mechatronics Option from the University of Waterloo, Canada in 2006. He received a Ph.D. from the same department in 2011, focusing on the real-time simulation of multibody systems using symbolic computing. His work was supported by scholarships from the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada (NSERC), which included a fellowship to work with a vehicle dynamics research group at the University of Tokyo, Japan. Before joining the OpenSim team in 2012, Thomas held a Postdoctoral Fellowship at the University of Waterloo to develop model reduction and parameter identification strategies for automotive applications under a partnership between NSERC, Toyota, and Maplesoft.

Expertise

Thomas has experience in the modeling and simulation of multibody systems, and has studied applications in robotics, vehicle dynamics, and biomechanics. Employing his symbolic computing algorithms, he developed a hardware-in-the-loop driving simulator in a real-time computing environment, which he then used to prototype and evaluate next-generation vehicle stability controllers. Thomas has contributed to the implementation and validation of the muscle models and metabolic calculators in OpenSim, and supports efforts in the metabolics-guided design of assistive devices. He also helped develop and instruct a graduate-level course at Stanford on the modeling and simulation of human movement. Thomas is currently designing and implementing impact and rigid contact solvers to enhance the capabilities of Simbody under a partnership with Open Source Robotics Foundation.
Brian R. Umberger, Ph.D.

Associate Professor, Department of Kinesiology
University of Massachusetts Amherst

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Simulation to study mechanics, energetics and control of human and animal motion; Teaching

Biography

Brian Umberger received his Ph.D. in Exercise Science from Arizona State University, where he was supported by a National Science Foundation IGERT fellowship. Dr. Umberger is currently an associate professor in the Department of Kinesiology at the University of Massachusetts, where he directs the Locomotion Research Group within the Biomechanics Laboratory. He is also active in the University’s Organismic and Evolutionary Biology Program. Dr. Umberger’s research on human locomotion has been supported by grants from NSF, the National Center for Simulation in Rehabilitation Research, Kosair Charities, and Cybex, Inc.

Expertise

Dr. Umberger has extensive experience using computer modeling and simulation techniques to study the mechanics, energetics and control of human movement. His primary expertise is in modeling the metabolic energy consumption associated with the muscle actions that drive locomotion. He approaches locomotion broadly, conducting human studies in able-bodied and special populations, as well as comparative studies in non-human primates and extinct human ancestors. Dr. Umberger is familiar with the OpenSim workflow, as well as using the OpenSim API through the Matlab scripting interface. Dr. Umberger has developed substantial pedagogical materials in the area of modeling and simulating human movement. He teaches a graduate course on computer simulation of human movement that includes an introduction to OpenSim. He has also recently published a comprehensive chapter on musculoskeletal modeling in the textbook Research Methods in Biomechanics (2nd Edition). In 2010, Dr. Umberger received the Outstanding Teacher Award in the School of Public Health and Health Sciences at the University of Massachusetts.
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**Biologically-based motion synthesis; Computer animation**

**Biography**

Jack M. Wang joined the University of Hong Kong in November 2013. He received a BMath in Computer Science from the University of Waterloo in 2004, and an MSc and PhD in Computer Science from the University of Toronto in 2005 and 2010, respectively. From 2011 to 2013, he was a postdoctoral researcher at Stanford University. In the past, he has worked at Microsoft Research, Alias Systems, Mitra Imaging, and Research In Motion. He has recently served on the program committees of the ACM SIGGRAPH/Eurographics Symposium on Computer Animation (SCA), the ACM SIGGRAPH Conference on Motion in Games (MIG), and the Pacific Conference on Computer Graphics and Applications (Pacific Graphics).

**Expertise**

Jack’s research interests center on biologically-based motion synthesis—simulating movements consistent with physical and biological constraints. In particular, he has been working on employing OpenSim to build predictive models of locomotion. Applications of his research include computer animation, robotics, 3D motion tracking, and human movement science.